

Answer on Question #61807 - Chemistry | General Chemistry

A 26.99 gram sample of iron is heated in the presence of excess iodine. A metal iodide is formed with a mass of 149.7 g. Determine the empirical formula of the metal iodide.

Solution

$$m(\text{Fe}) = 26.99 \text{ (g)}$$

$$M(\text{Fe}) = 55.845 \text{ (g/mol)}$$

$$n(\text{Fe}) = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{26.99 \text{ g}}{55.845 \text{ g/mol}} = 0.483 \text{ (mol)}$$

$$m(\text{I}) = 149.7 \text{ (g)}$$

$$M(\text{I}) = 126.9 \text{ (g/mol)}$$

$$n(\text{I}) = \frac{m(\text{Fe}_x\text{I}_y) - m(\text{Fe})}{M} = \frac{149.7 - 26.99 \text{ g}}{126.9 \text{ g/mol}} = 0.966 \text{ (mol)}$$

The ratio between iron and iodine is 1:2. So, the empirical formula is therefore FeI_2 .

Answer

The empirical formula is therefore FeI_2 .