Question # 59835, Chemistry / General Chemistry | for completion

A 2.800g sample of an unknown compound that contains only carbon and hydrogen is burned in excess oxygen. The water vapour formed in the complete combustion reaction has a mass of 3.600g. In a separate experiment the molar mass of the unknown compound was determined to be 84.0 g/mol. Determine the empirical and molecular formula of the unknown compound.

Answer

2.8 g	3.6g
$C_x H_y + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$	$+H_2O$

Mr 18 g/mol

Mr (C_xH_y) =
$$\frac{2.8 \cdot 18}{3.6}$$
 = 14 g/mol

The simplest formula has molecular weight 14 g/mol and it is CH₂

$$n = \frac{Mr_{(compound)}}{Mr(CH_2)} = \frac{84}{14} = 6$$

$$CH_2 \cdot 6 = C_6 H_{12}$$

Answer: The empirical formula of the unknown compound is CH_2 , whereas molecular formula is C_6H_{12} .

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