

7Answer on Question #59483, Chemistry / General Chemistry

Calculate the standard free energy change, ΔG° , for the reaction:



$$T = 273 + 25^{\circ}C = 298K$$

Data:

$$H_{2(g)}, \Delta H_{298}^\circ = 0.00 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}, S_{298}^\circ = +130.6 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}$$

$$I_{2(s)}, \Delta H_{298}^\circ = 0.00 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}, S_{298}^\circ = +116.12 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}$$

$$HI_{(g)}, \Delta H_{298}^\circ = +26 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}, S_{298}^\circ = +206 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}$$

$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T \cdot \Delta S$$

$$\Delta G_{298}^\circ = \Delta H_{298}^\circ - 298K \cdot \Delta S_{298}^\circ$$

$$H_{298}^\circ = 2 \cdot \Delta H_{298}^\circ(HI_{(g)}) - \Delta H_{298}^\circ(H_{2(g)}) - \Delta H_{298}^\circ(I_{2(g)})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta H_{298}^\circ &= 2 \cdot 26 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} - 0.00 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} - 0.00 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \\ &= 52 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta S_{298}^\circ = 2 \cdot S_{298}^\circ(HI_{(g)}) - S_{298}^\circ(H_{2(g)}) - S_{298}^\circ(I_{2(g)})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S_{298}^\circ &= 2 \cdot 206 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} - 130.6 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} - 116.12 \text{ J} \\ &\quad \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} = 165.26 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta G_{298}^\circ = 52 \cdot 10^3 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} - 298K \cdot 165.26 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} = 2752.52 \text{ J}$$