



**Sample: Real Analysis - Mathematical Modelling**

Q2. We are to minimize the following:

$$F(C_A, C_B) = \sum_{i=1}^4 (C_A e^{-0.03t_i} + C_B e^{-0.05t_i} - y_i)^2$$

Use derivatives to find a point of minimum of the function of two variables. Derive all the derivatives:

$$\begin{aligned} F'_{C_A}(C_A, C_B) &= \left( \sum_{i=1}^4 (C_A e^{-0.03t_i} + C_B e^{-0.05t_i} - y_i)^2 \right)'_{C_A} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^4 2(C_A e^{-0.03t_i} + C_B e^{-0.05t_i} - y_i) e^{-0.03t_i} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^4 2(C_A e^{-0.06t_i} + C_B e^{-0.08t_i} - y_i e^{-0.03t_i}) \\ &= 2 \left( C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.03t_i} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F'_{C_B}(C_A, C_B) &= \left( \sum_{i=1}^4 (C_A e^{-0.03t_i} + C_B e^{-0.05t_i} - y_i)^2 \right)'_{C_B} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^4 2(C_A e^{-0.03t_i} + C_B e^{-0.05t_i} - y_i) e^{-0.05t_i} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^4 2(C_A e^{-0.08t_i} + C_B e^{-0.1t_i} - y_i e^{-0.05t_i}) \\ &= 2 \left( C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.05t_i} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$F''_{C_A C_A}(C_A, C_B) = \left( 2 \left( C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.03t_i} \right) \right)'_{C_A} = 2 \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i}$$

$$F''_{C_B C_B}(C_A, C_B) = \left( 2 \left( C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.05t_i} \right) \right)'_{C_B} = 2 \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i}$$

$$F''_{C_A C_B}(C_A, C_B) = \left( 2 \left( C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.03t_i} \right) \right)'_{C_B} = 2 \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i}$$

Now, use Excel to calculate the sums required. We get:

$\sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i}$	$\sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i}$	$\sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i}$	$\sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.03t_i}$	$\sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.05t_i}$
2.714325	2.387605	2.101257	27.6187	24.29845

Use the first derivative to find the critical point. Solve the following system of equations:



$$\begin{aligned} \begin{cases} F'_{C_A}(C_A, C_B) = 0 \\ F'_{C_B}(C_A, C_B) = 0 \end{cases} & \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.03t_i} &= 0 \\ C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.05t_i} &= 0 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \\ C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.03t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} &= 0 \\ C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.05t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} &= 0 \\ C_A \left( \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} - \left( \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} \right)^2 \right) - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.03t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} + \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.05t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} &= 0 \\ C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} + C_B \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.05t_i} &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow C_A &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.03t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} - \sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.05t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i}}{\sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i} \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} - \left( \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} \right)^2} \\ C_B &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^4 y_i e^{-0.05t_i} - C_A \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i}}{\sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i}} \end{aligned}$$

Use Excel to calculate the numerical values of the parameters:

$$\begin{cases} C_A \approx 6.657 \\ C_B \approx 3.999 \end{cases}$$

Now use the second order derivatives to check if the critical point is a point of minimum.

$$\begin{aligned} D(C_A, C_B) &= F''_{C_B C_B}(C_A, C_B) * F''_{C_A C_A}(C_A, C_B) - \left( F''_{C_B C_A}(C_A, C_B) \right)^2 \\ &= 2 \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.06t_i} * 2 \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.1t_i} - 2 \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} * 2 \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} \approx 0.011 > 0 \\ F''_{C_B C_B}(C_A, C_B) &= 2 \sum_{i=1}^4 e^{-0.08t_i} \approx 2.39 > 0 \end{aligned}$$

Both D and  $F''_{C_B C_B}(C_A, C_B)$  are positive, thus the point  $(C_A, C_B) \approx (6.657, 3.999)$  is the point of minimum of the function  $F(C_A, C_B)$ . Thus, these values of the parameters fit the model (1) in the best way.